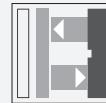




Trigger marks sensor OBP120-R100-2EP-IO-L



- Miniature design with versatile mounting options
- For detecting black trigger marks on a white background
- DuraBeam Laser Sensors - durable and employable like an LED
- Extended temperature range
-40 °C ... 60 °C
- High degree of protection IP69K
- IO-Link interface for service and process data

Laser trigger marks sensor



IO-Link

Function

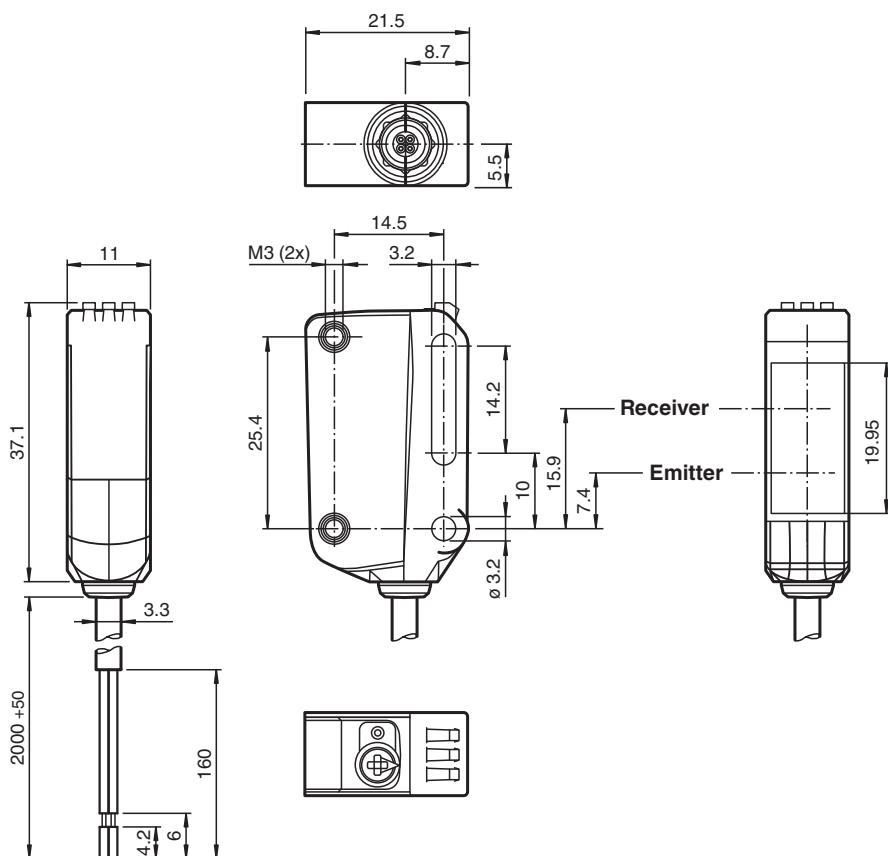
The R100 series miniature optical sensors are the first devices of their kind to offer an end-to-end solution in a small standard design — from thru-beam sensor through to a distance measurement device. As a result of this design, the sensors are able to perform practically all standard automation tasks.

The entire series enables sensors to communicate via IO-Link.

The DuraBeam laser sensors are durable and can be used in the same way as a standard sensor.

The use of Multi Pixel Technology gives the standard sensors a high level of flexibility and enables them to adapt more effectively to their operating environment.

Dimensions



Technical Data

General specifications

Detection range	25 ... 120 mm
Adjustment range	25 ... 120 mm
Reference target	standard white, 100 mm x 100 mm
Light source	laser diode
Light type	modulated visible red light
Laser nominal ratings	
Note	LASER LIGHT , DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM
Laser class	1
Wave length	680 nm
Beam divergence	> 5 mrad d63 < 1 mm in the range of 50 mm ... 250 mm
Pulse length	1.6 μ s
Repetition rate	approx. 28.5 kHz
max. pulse energy	10.4 nJ
Optical resolution	Trigger mark [black, 6%] of 1 mm-wide on a white background [white, 90%]; Contrast difference of min. 50%
Diameter of the light spot	< 1 mm at a distance of 60 mm
Opening angle	approx. 0.3 °
Ambient light limit	EN 60947-5-2 : 40000 Lux
Teach-in	static and dynamic Teach-In

Functional safety related parameters

MTTF _d	560 a
Mission Time (T _M)	20 a
Diagnostic Coverage (DC)	0 %

Indicators/operating means

Operation indicator	LED green: constantly on - power on flashing (4Hz) - short circuit flashing with short break (1 Hz) - IO-Link mode
Function indicator	LED yellow: constantly on - object detected constantly off - object not detected
Control elements	Teach-In key
Control elements	5-step rotary switch for operating modes selection

Electrical specifications

Rated operating voltage	U _e	10 ... 30 V DC
Ripple		max. 10 %
No-load supply current	I ₀	< 20 mA at 24 V supply voltage
Protection class		III

Interface

Interface type	IO-Link (via C/Q = pin 4)
IO-Link revision	1.1
Device profile	Smart Sensor
Device ID	0x110C01 (1117185)
Transfer rate	COM2 (38.4 kBIt/s)
Min. cycle time	2.3 ms
Process data width	Process data input 1 Bit Process data output 2 Bit
SIO mode support	yes
Compatible master port type	A

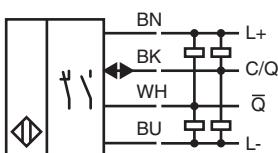
Output

Switching type	The switching type of the sensor is adjustable. The default setting is: C/Q - Pin4: NPN normally open / light-on, PNP normally closed / dark-on, IO-Link /Q - Pin2: PNP normally closed / dark-on, PNP normally open / light-on
Signal output	2 push-pull (4 in 1) outputs, short-circuit protected, reverse polarity protected, overvoltage protected
Switching voltage	max. 30 V DC

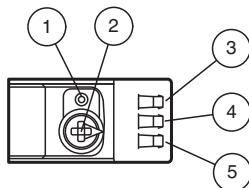
Technical Data

Switching current	max. 100 mA , resistive load	
Usage category	DC-12 and DC-13	
Voltage drop	U_d	≤ 1.5 V DC
Switching frequency	f	3300 Hz
Response time		125 μ s
Conformity		
Communication interface	IEC 61131-9	
Product standard	EN 60947-5-2	
Laser safety	EN 60825-1:2014	
Approvals and certificates		
Protection class		
Rated insulation voltage	U_i	30 V
Rated impulse withstand voltage	U_{imp}	800 V
UL approval	E87056 , cULus Listed , class 2 power supply , type rating 1	
FDA approval	IEC 60825-1:2014 Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for conformance with IEC 60825-1 Ed. 3 as described in Laser Notice 56, dated May 8, 2019.	
Ambient conditions		
Ambient temperature	-40 ... 60 °C (-40 ... 140 °F) , cable, fixed installation -25 ... 60 °C (-13 ... 140 °F) , movable cable not appropriate for conveyor chains	
Storage temperature	-40 ... 70 °C (-40 ... 158 °F)	
Pollution degree	3	
Mechanical specifications		
Degree of protection	IP67 / IP69 / IP69K	
Connection	2 m fixed cable	
Material		
Housing	PC (Polycarbonate)	
Optical face	PMMA	
Mass	approx. 36 g	
Dimensions		
Height	44.5 mm	
Width	11 mm	
Depth	21.5 mm	
Cable length	2 m	

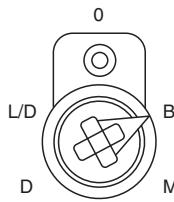
Connection



Assembly



1	Teach-in button
2	Mode rotary switch
3	Operating indicator / dark on
4	Signal indicator
5	Operating indicator / light on



B	Teach-In background
M	Teach-In mark
D	Teach-In dynamic
L/D	Switching type
o	Keylock

Interface

IO-Link Function

The IO-Link operating mode is indicated by the green LED indicator with a short interruption ($f = 1$ Hz). IO-Link communication simultaneously provides process data (measurement data from the sensor) and access to service data.

The service data contains the following information:

Identification

- Manufacturer information
- Product ID
- User-specific ID

Device parameters

- Teach-in parameters
- Operating parameters
- Configuration parameters
- Device commands

Diagnostic messages and warnings

Commissioning

Teach-In Using the Rotary Switch

The settings for the following teach-ins can be adjusted directly on the device:

- Two-value teach-in
- Dynamic teach-in

Use the rotary switch to select the required teach-in mode.

Two-Value Teach-In
Align the light beam of the sensor to the background at the required operating distance.

Teaching in a Background:
1. Turn the rotary switch to the "B" (Background) position.
2. Press the "TI" button until the yellow and green LEDs flash in phase (approx. 1 s).
3. Release the "TI" button. Teach-in starts. => Yellow and green LEDs flash out of phase.
4. Wait until the green LED lights up permanently and the yellow LED flashes quickly.
The sensor is now ready for the 2nd teach-in value (mark) to be taught in.

Teaching in a Mark:

1. Turn the rotary switch to the "M" (Mark) position.
2. Position the mark in front of the light beam of the sensor at the required operating distance.
3. Press the "TI" button until the yellow and green LEDs flash in phase (approx. 1 s).
4. Release the "TI" button. Teach-in starts.
5. Wait until the green LED lights up permanently.

The teach-in process is now complete.

Alternatively, you can teach in the mark before the background.

Note: To exit two-value teach-in mode, a teach-in must always be performed in both the "B" and "M" rotary switch positions.

Teaching in a Mark Without a Background:

You can teach in an object as the background ("B") and as the mark ("M") if it is located at the required operating distance. Proceed as described for the two-value teach-in process.

- The sensor detects the object as a mark. => Sensor switches on.
- A lighter object color is detected as the background. => Sensor switches off.

Dynamic Teach-In

Requirement: The moving object to be detected has areas with sufficient contrast difference (mark/background).

1. Align the light beam of the sensor to the section of the object that will be used as the background at the required operating distance.
2. Turn the rotary switch to the "D" (Dynamic) position.

Starting the Teach-In Process:

1. Press the "TI" button until the yellow and green LEDs flash in phase (approx. 1 s).
2. Release the "TI" button. The dynamic teach-in process starts. => The green LED lights up permanently, while the yellow LED flashes quickly.
3. For each change in contrast, move the object between the mark and the background.

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information".

Commissioning

Ending the Dynamic Teach-In Process:

1. Press the "TI" button again until the yellow and green LEDs flash in phase (approx. 1 s).
2. Wait until the green LED lights up permanently.

The teach-in process is now complete.

Teach-in Errors

The teach-in may not be set correctly if there is insufficient contrast difference between the mark and the background. If so, the yellow and green LEDs flash quickly in antiphase (8 Hz).

After the visual error message has been acknowledged, the sensor continues to operate using its last valid settings.

Sensor Operation with Taught-In Values

For the sensor to use the taught-in values in the application, set the rotary switch to the "O" (Operate) position.

Switching between Light on/Dark on

Set the rotary switch to "L/D" (Light on / Dark on).

Changing the Switching Type:

Press the "TI" button for > 1 s.

=> Changeover successful: The respective operating indicator LED (L/D) lights up green.

Resetting the Switching Type:

Press the "TI" button for > 4 s.

=> Reset successful: The respective operating indicator LED (L/D) lights up green. The operating indicator is reset to the last active switching type.

Resetting to Default Settings

Set the rotary switch to "O."

Press the "TI" button for > 10 s until the yellow and green LEDs go out.

Release the "TI" button. The yellow LED lights up.

After completing the reset, the sensor will immediately operate with the factory settings.

Parameterization

For parameterization and diagnosis, the sensor can be addressed via the integrated IO-Link interface. This interface transmits process data in a cyclic manner, and diagnosis data acyclically.

For this, connect the sensor to an IO-Link primary device and connect the relevant primary device port to the IO-Link device. When communication is established successfully, the green operation display LED flashes briefly every 1 s. The sensor can then be configured or diagnosed by the overlying application and send its process data.

The sensor parameters are device-specific and are described in the standardized IO Device Description file (IODE). The IODE can be read into different engineering tools using IODE support from different system providers. The sensor can then be configured or diagnosed using the relevant tool and a user interface generated from the IODE.

The IODE file, the FDT framework application and the IODE interpreter are available in the corresponding product description under Software on our homepage www.pepperl-fuchs.com.